

Bigger Picture
The world we live in.

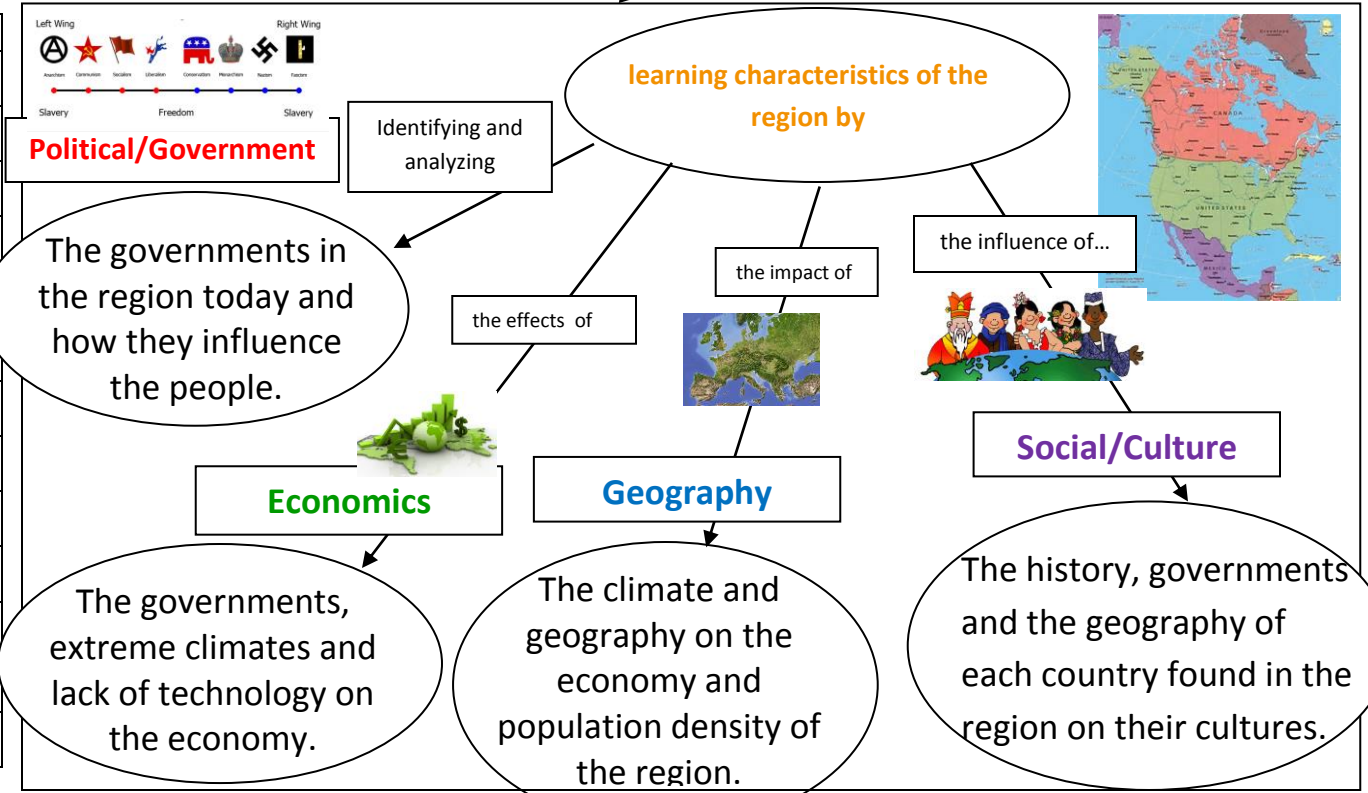
Last Unit/Experience
Unit 7 – Southwest Asia/North Africa

Current Unit
Unit 8-Sub-Saharan Africa

Next Unit/Experience
Unit 9 – South Asia

is about...

Date	Unit Schedule	Grade



Unit Self-Test Questions

1. How does **geography* (land, mountains, rivers) influence economics and culture in the **region*?
2. What are some *characteristics* (a distinguishing trait, quality, or property) of the governments of each country?
3. Describe cultural *elements*. (things that make up a culture like religion, food, clothing, language)
4. What are some examples that define each country's *diverse* (different) culture?

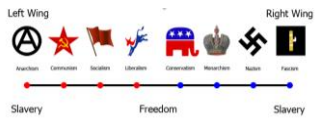
*geography: ge-og-ra-phy
*region: re-gion

Unit Relationships

- Analyze
- Describe
- Determine
- Compare and Contrast

Unit 8- Sub-Saharan Africa

Expanded Unit Map



is about...

learning characteristics of the region.



Social/Culture

Political/Government

Economics

Geography

European colonization created many issues that have made it difficult for many countries to create effective governments.

Apartheid - Government policy separating people by ethnicity within a country. (South Africa)

Many native South Africans still do not own land today as a result of Apartheid.

Genocide – a deliberate or systematic destruction of a group of people based on race, ethnicity, religion or other group.

Many Ancient Kingdoms grew wealthy from trading gold and salt.

Technology limits many countries ability to trade effectively.

The extreme climates, rainforest, deserts, etc, make it difficult to (extract) take out minerals in some locations.

Africa has many large deposits of precious minerals and gems.

Mount Kilimanjaro in Tanzania is Africa's highest peak.

Be able to locate Kenya, Nigeria, South Africa and Sudan on a map.

The Congo Rainforest, located in Central Africa, is the water source for the Nile River.

Nile River, the longest river, stretches from Central Africa to the Mediterranean Sea.

There are 100's of traditional languages spoken in Africa.

Colonization forced many different ethnic groups/religious groups to form countries together, which has created many conflicts that still exist today.

Many people in Africa form a culture group or a community based on similar lifestyles.

Some people in the region live in cities and some live in remote or isolated villages outside the cities.

NEW UNIT SELF-TEST QUESTIONS